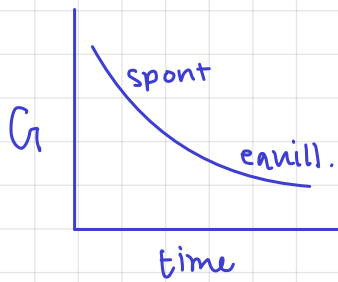


$dS > \frac{\delta q}{T}$ Clausius inequality $A = U - TS$

Last class defined $A =$ Helmholtz free energy at constant $T, V =$ A decrease for a spontaneous process. Also, for a spontaneous process, ΔA represents the maximum useful work obtainable

For a non-spontaneous process ΔA represents the minimum work we need to supply to make this process happen.

Const $T, P: dH = \delta q + \delta w + P dV + V dP = d(U + PV)$
 $\Rightarrow dH = T dS$ $\Rightarrow d(H - TS) \leq 0$



$G = H - TS$
 Gibbs free energy

$dH = \delta q + \delta w + \delta w_{\text{useful}} + P dV - V dP$
 rev: $\delta w_{\text{useful max}} = dH - T dS - dG$
 or $w_{\text{useful}} = \Delta G$

T, P, V, U, H, S, A, G

$PV = nRT$

you only need to know 2 variables to know all 3

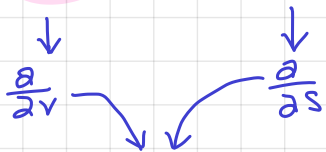
$dU = \delta q + \delta w = \delta q_{\text{rev}} + \delta w_{\text{rev}} = T dS - P dV$ ← same concept

regard $U = U(S, V)$ S and V are natural variables of U

like HWI

$dU = \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial S}\right)_V dS + \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial V}\right)_S dV$

$\Rightarrow T = \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial S}\right)_V$ and $P = \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial V}\right)_S$



$\left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial V}\right)_S = - \left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial S}\right)_V$

Maxwell Relation

These are equal

$\frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial S \partial V}$ or $\frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial V \partial S}$

Now for H

$$dH = dU + PdV + v dP = T dS - \cancel{PdV} + \cancel{P} dV + v dP$$

$$dH = T dS + v dP \quad S, P \text{ natural variables}$$

$$dH = \left(\frac{\partial H}{\partial S} \right)_P dS + \left(\frac{\partial H}{\partial P} \right)_S dP \quad \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial P} \right)_S = \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial S} \right)_P \quad \text{Maxwell}$$

$$\boxed{A} \quad dA = d(U - TS) = T dS - PdV - T dS - S dT$$

$$dA = -PdV - S dT \quad V, T \text{ natural variables}$$

$$dA = \left(\frac{\partial A}{\partial V} \right)_T dV + \left(\frac{\partial A}{\partial T} \right)_V dT \quad \left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial T} \right)_V = - \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V} \right)_T \quad \text{Maxwell}$$

$$\boxed{G} \quad dG = d(H - TS) = T dS + v dP - T dS - S dT = v dP - S dT$$

P, T natural variables

$$dG = \left(\frac{\partial G}{\partial P} \right)_T dP + \left(\frac{\partial G}{\partial T} \right)_P dT \Rightarrow V = \left(\frac{\partial G}{\partial P} \right)_T \quad S = - \left(\frac{\partial G}{\partial T} \right)_P \quad \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial T} \right)_P = - \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial P} \right)_T \quad \text{Maxwell}$$

Spontaneity

$$PV = nRT$$

$$dU \leq 0 \quad \text{at const. } S, V$$

$$dH \leq 0 \quad \text{at const. } S, P$$

$$dA \leq 0 \quad \text{at const. } V, T$$

$$dG \leq 0 \quad \text{at const. } P, T$$