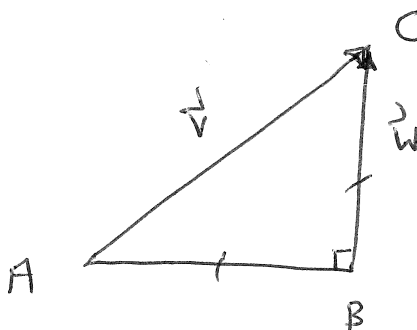


Math 2415

Homework on 12.4

- Let $\mathbf{a} = 2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$, $\mathbf{b} = \mathbf{i} + \mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{c} = \mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}$.
 - Compute $\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}$.
 - Find the length of \mathbf{a} and a unit vector in the direction of \mathbf{a} .
 - Find a vector that is orthogonal to both \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} .
 - Calculate the area of the parallelogram determined by the vectors \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} .
- The triangle ABC in the figure below is an isosceles triangle for which the length of the hypotenuse is 1. Calculate $\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{w}$.



- Let $P = (2, 0, 1)$, $Q = (3, 1, 0)$ and $R = (4, 3, 5)$.
 - Find the area of the triangle with vertices P , Q , and R .
 - Calculate a unit vector that is perpendicular to this triangle
- Find the volume of the parallelepiped with sides \mathbf{i} , $3\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$, and $4\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$
- Find nonzero vectors, \mathbf{a} , \mathbf{b} , and \mathbf{c} , so that $\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} = \mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{c}$, but $\mathbf{b} \neq \mathbf{c}$.
- Find the area of the parallelogram with vertices $(10, 7, 13)$, $(1, 2, 3)$, $(4, 1, 7)$, $(7, 8, 9)$.