

CS 4349.003 Homework 10

Due Wednesday November 20th on eLearning

November 13, 2019

Please answer the following **2** questions.

To give everybody a bit a breather, **there will be no late penalty for submissions made before 1:00pm on Friday, November 22nd.** (It's up to you if you want to keep doing homework right up to the beginning of Fall Break.) As usual, submissions after 1:00pm on Friday may not be accepted so we can release solutions.

1. Consider the directed graph $G = (V, E)$ below with non-negative capacities $c : E \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ and an (s, t) -flow $f : E \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ that is feasible with respect to c . Each edge is labeled with its flow/capacity.

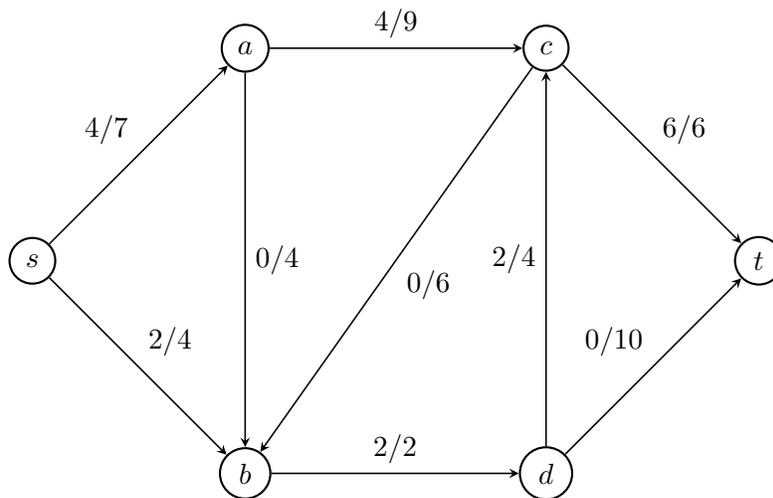


Figure 1. An (s, t) -flow f . The number to the left of each '/' is the current flow on the edge. The number of the right of the '/' is the capacity of the edge.

- (a) Draw the residual graph $G_f = (V, E_f)$ for flow f . Be sure to label every edge of G_f with its residual capacity.
- (b) Describe an augmenting path $s = v_0 \rightarrow v_1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow v_r = t$ in G_f by either drawing the path in your residual graph or listing the path's vertices in order.
- (c) Let $F = \min_i c_f(v_i \rightarrow v_{i+1})$ and let $f' : E \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ be the flow obtained from f by pushing F units through your augmenting path. Draw a new copy of G , and label its edges with the flow values for f' .

- (d) Draw the residual graph $G_{f'} = (V, E_{f'})$ for flow f' .
- (e) There shouldn't be any augmenting paths in $G_{f'}$, implying f' is a maximum flow. Draw or list the vertices in S for some minimum (s, t) -cut (S, T) .
- (f) What is the value of the maximum flow/capacity of the minimum cut?
2. Consider the following generalization of the bipartite matching problem. You are given an undirected bipartite graph $G = (L \cup R, E)$ where $L \cap R = \emptyset$ and every edge connects a vertex in L to a vertex in R . You are also given a set of non-negative integer **limits** $\ell : (L \cup R) \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$. Describe and analyze an algorithm that returns a maximum size subset of edges $E' \subseteq E$ such that each vertex v is incident to *at most* $\ell(v)$ edges in E' . As usual, you may express your running time in terms of V and E , the number of vertices and edges in G .
3. (**Extra credit**) Suppose you are given a flow network G with *integer* edge capacities and an *integer* maximum flow f^* in G . Describe algorithms for the following operations:
- (a) INCREMENT(e): Increase the capacity of edge e by 1 and update the maximum flow.
- (b) DECREMENT(e): Decrease the capacity of edge e by 1 and update the maximum flow.

Both algorithms should modify f^* so that it is still a maximum flow under the new capacities more quickly than recomputing a maximum flow from scratch.